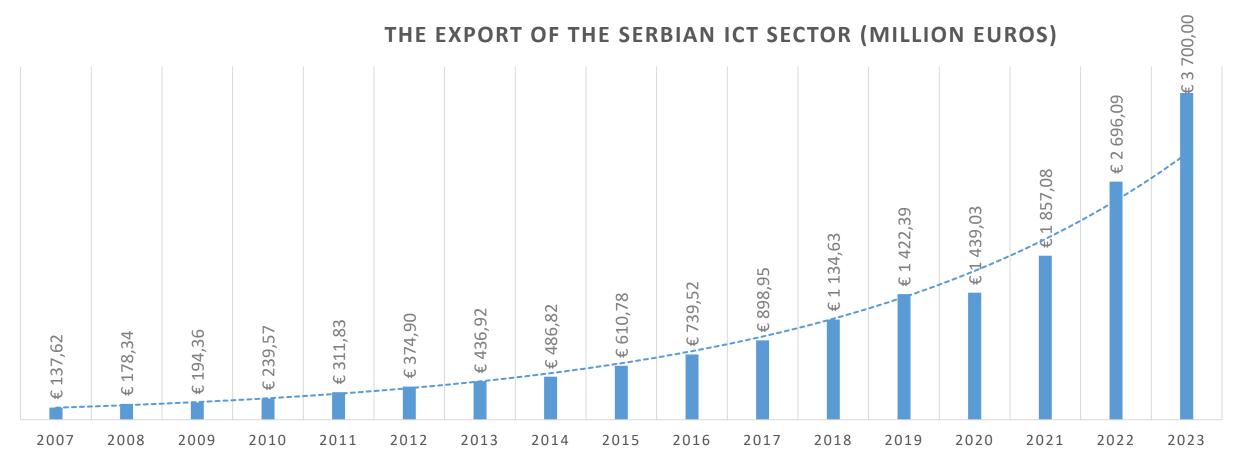
SERBIA'S DIGITAL HORIZON: NAVIGATING GROWTH IN THE DANUBE REGION

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Exports Trend in Serbia's Thriving ICT Sector

ICT sector has become one of the three key drivers of the development of the Serbian economy



Source: National Bank of Serbia
The ICT exports figure for 2023 is currently unofficial; however, the projected value is presented.

Competitive advantages of Serbia and the Region

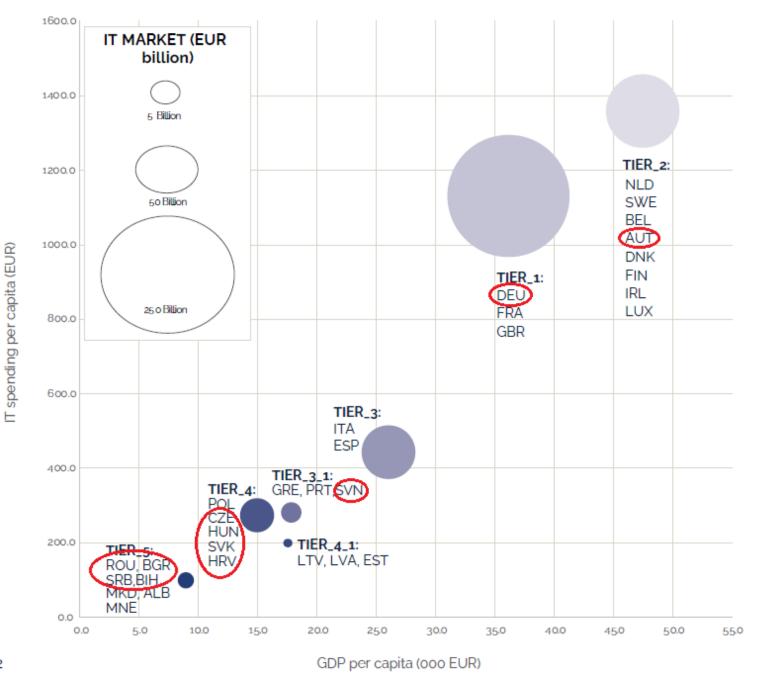
- The main potential lies in the ICT services industry
- **Key trends in Serbia** from the last five years:
 - > IT market growing by 10%
 - > IT services export growing by over 30%
 - > IT employment growing by more than 15%.
- Key competitive advantages that persuade international companies to expand their businesses to Serbia:
 - an outstanding pool of intellectual capital,
 - attractive labor costs,
 - excellent skills,
 - good communications networks and
 - a high fluency in English
- These competences are applicable also to other Western Balkan economies as well as less developed Danube region countries



Domestic IT investments

- Serbia need to additionally increase domestic investments.
- In 2021 IT market reached more than €700 million an annual growth of 9%.
- IT investments per capita Serbia has finally crossed €100 domestic investments per capita
- Current investment of €108 per capita should be increased to €150. To narrow the digital gap
- Serbia needs an average annual growth rate of the IT market more than 10% until 2025.

IT investments according to economic strength (GDP).



Source: Šolaja & Matijević 2022



Digitalisation

- Serbia has made visible progress in digitalising its economy, especially in e-government, but much scope remains for the integration of advanced technologies in the business sector.
- Despite certain progress, adoption of digital technologies by firms continues to lag behind the levels of the EU average.
 - Only 6.7% of enterprises are using software solutions, like CRM, compared to an <u>EU average of 19.5%</u>
 - The total share of Serbian enterprises' turnover on e-commerce is only 7.9%, far behind the EU average of 18.0%.
- Research results there is a limited collaboration between ICT companies and traditional businesses in Serbia and the Western Balkan region
- Most ICT companies focus on international markets and exports, while traditional businesses have yet to fully recognise the importance of embracing digital practices.

Digitalisation - Key figures (Serbia)

- 99.7% of companies have access to the Internet
- 81% of companies use mobile Internet connection via mobile devices (smart phones, laptop, tablet).
- 95% of the companies that have an Internet connection use e-Government services
- 84% of companies in Serbia with more than 10 employees have a website, greater than the EU average.
- Many companies know that digital transformation of businesses is well under way, but still have reservations.
- Rather weak results in e-Commerce. Only 41.9% of the companies that have Internet access were engaged in purchasing goods/services online and 22% of companies were approached through the Internet to deliver goods/services.
- 29% of the companies pays for cloud services via Internet
- 22% of Serbian companies use ERP, most of which are large companies (55%), then medium-sized companies (35%), and small companies (18%).



Government support measures

- Support measures to the development of the innovation ecosystem
- Tax relief schemes for startups
 - **IP Box regime**: Only 3% corporate income tax for revenues from intellectual property crated in Serbia.
 - **R&D Deduction**: Research and development (R&D) double deduction
 - Tax Credit for Investments in Start-up Companies
- Centre for Digital Transformation

Future prospects

Digital Europe Programme - an additional opportunity for rapid development and the great potential that Serbia has already shown in this area.

Recent research results reveal that more than 57% of respondents in the surveyed ICT community in the Western Balkans lack awareness of the Digital Europe Programme

Efforts to disseminate information about the Digital Europe Programme need to be strengthened to ensure that stakeholders in the region are well informed and can actively contribute to improving regional cooperation, digitalisation and development in the ICT sector.

Conclusions

- Serbian companies are **in the initial phase of digital transformation**, which reflects their business environment. Organizations are mirrors reflecting the functioning of a society in which they operate.
- There is a **need to promote digital uptake**, especially among smaller firms that lag behind.
- IT companies in Serbia should invest more time in getting specific knowledge about the economy in Serbia and by doing that to position themselves for future opportunities.
- There are a number of good domestic IT companies as the leading ERP solution providers in Serbia, with excellent references and long tradition in business.
- Addressing weaknesses in foundational skills through education reforms and responding more effectively to labour market needs for digital skills would enable a wider adoption of advanced technologies and higher productivity growth.
- Recent research results show high enthusiasm among ICT stakeholders to actively engage in digital transformation initiatives within traditional sectors
- Financial constraints, limited awareness, and a lack of skilled resources pose challenges.

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THANK YOU

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